

LONDON-WEST MIDLANDS ENVIRONMENTAL STATEMENT

Volume 5 | Technical Appendices

CFA20 | Curdworth to Middleton

Data appendix (AQ-001-020)

Air quality

November 2013

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Appendix AQ-001-020

Environmental topic:	Air quality	AQ
Appendix name:	Data appendix	001
Community forum area:	Curdworth to Middleton	020

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1 Air quality

1.1 Introduction

- 1.1.1 The air quality appendices for Curdworth to Middleton community forum area (CFA20) comprise:
 - discussion of the policy framework (Section 2);
 - baseline air quality data (Section 3);
 - dust impact evaluation and risk rating (Section 4); and
 - air quality assessment road traffic (Section 5).
- 1.1.2 Maps referred to throughout the air quality appendix are contained in the Volume 5 air quality map book.

2 Policy framework

- 2.1.1 Warwickshire County Council (WCC) works with the five district and borough councils (North Warwickshire Borough Council, Nuneaton and Bedworth Borough Council, Rugby Borough Council, Stratford-on-Avon District Council and Warwick District Council) within Warwickshire to address transport related air quality issues.
- 2.1.2 The WCC Local Transport Plan¹, covering the period 2011-2026, includes an air quality strategy, which outlines a number of policies aimed at improving air quality across the county. The major themes of the air quality strategy are:
 - to improve areas with poor air quality and maintain those areas that currently experience good air quality;
 - to encourage sustainable forms of transport, which reduce reliance on private vehicle use and minimises emissions to air; and
 - to promote awareness of alternative travel choices.
- Policy AQA2 of the local transport plan air quality strategy, Improving Poor Air Quality through Partnership Working, is concerned with the preparation of air quality action plans (AQAP) and the implementation of traffic management improvements within air quality management areas (AQMA) and wider initiatives to change travel behaviour to encourage walking, cycling and the greater use of public transport.
- Policy AQA3 of the local transport plan air quality strategy, Maintaining Areas of Good Air Quality, indicates that the lorry route map for Warwickshire will be reviewed every two to three years. This is potentially relevant to heavy duty vehicle (HDV) movements associated with the construction phase of the Proposed Scheme.
- 2.1.5 Policy AQ5 of the local transport plan air quality strategy, Integration of Air Quality and Transport Planning, states that WCC will provide input to the preparation of district and borough council local development frameworks and to individual planning applications to negotiate appropriate air quality and transport improvements.
- 2.1.6 The local planning authority for the Curdworth to Middleton area is North Warwickshire Borough Council (NWBC) and the relevant adopted local plan for the Curdworth to Middleton area is the North Warwickshire Local Plan 2007².
- The saved policies of the NWBC local plan form the adopted policy for the purposes of development management in North Warwickshire. These policies will eventually be superseded by the emerging core strategy; however, until then, they remain a material consideration.
- 2.1.8 Policy ENV9: Air Quality is the most directly relevant policy. The policy is committed to safeguarding and enhancing air quality in the borough. The policy includes reference to: not permitting polluting forms of development within or adjacent to AQMAs.

¹ Warwickshire County Council (2010/2011), Warwickshire Local Transport Plan, 2011-2026.

² North Warwickshire Borough Council (2006), North Warwickshire Local Plan; adopted 2006.

- Policy ENV11: Neighbour Amenities is a key consideration though not limited to air quality. The policy advises that development will not be permitted where it entails significant loss of amenity for nearby occupiers, including overlooking, loss of privacy, or disturbance due to traffic, offensive smells, noise, light, dust or fumes.
- 2.1.10 Emerging planning policy is provided by NWBC Local Plan Core Strategy Submission Version, February 2013³. The Core Strategy forms part of NWBC emerging local plan and when adopted will replace, in part, the NWBC local plan 2006.
- 2.1.11 The core strategy does not refer directly to air quality. Policy NW19: Infrastructure states that a key priority for the implementation of the strategy's policies and proposals is the protection and enhancement of the environment and mitigation of the environmental impact of development, past and proposed.

³ North Warwickshire Borough Council (2013), North Warwickshire Core Strategy – Submission Version, February 2013.

3 Baseline air quality data

3.1 Existing air quality

Local authority review and assessment information

- 3.1.1 Under Part IV of the Environment Act 1995, all local authorities are responsible for local air quality management (LAQM). Under the LAQM regime, a local authority is required to undertake regular review and assessment of local air quality, the findings of which are reviewed by Defra prior to publication.
- If an area is identified as being unlikely to achieve an air quality standard and there are sensitive receptors to be exposed over the relevant exposure period, then the local authority is required to designate an AQMA and develop an AQAP to improve local air quality.
- 3.1.3 There are no AQMAs within the NWBC administrative area and therefore no AQMAs within the Curdworth to Middleton area.

Local air quality monitoring data

- 3.1.4 Monitoring sites within the study area that are considered relevant for this assessment are shown in Volume 5: Map AQ-01-020. The following sections provide a summary of the recorded pollutant concentrations at these sites.
- 3.1.5 The pollutant concentrations can be compared to the air quality standards:
 - 40μg/m³ as an annual mean for NO2 and PM10;
 - 200µg/m³ one-hour mean for NO2 not to be exceeded more than 18 times a year (equivalent to the 99.8th percentile of the one-hour mean);
 - 50μg/m³ 24-hour mean for PM10 not to be exceeded more than 35 times a year (equivalent to the 90.4th percentile of the 24-hour mean); and
 - 25μg/m³ as an annual mean for PM2.5.

Continuous monitoring

3.1.6 There are no continuous air quality monitoring stations within the Curdworth to Middleton area.

Diffusion tubes

- 3.1.7 This section summarises the results from the diffusion tube sites that are considered relevant for the assessment of air quality in the Curdworth to Middleton area.
- 3.1.8 NWBC also measures annual mean NO2 concentrations using passive diffusion tubes located across its administrative area. In 2011 there were 17 diffusion tube sites, three of which are located within the Curdworth to Middleton area: two are roadside sites located on the edge of Curdworth, 800m and 900m west of the centre line of the Proposed Scheme; and one is a roadside site on Bodymoor Heath Lane adjacent to the Kingsbury Water Park rural area, approximately 1.3km east of the centre line of the Proposed Scheme. Annual mean NO2 concentrations for these sites for the period 2008 to 2012 inclusive are presented in Table 1.

Table 1: Annual mean NO2 concentrations recorded at diffusion tube monitoring sites⁵

Site	Coordinates	Annual	Annual mean NO2 concentrations (µ			(μg/m³)
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Coleshill Road, Curdworth	418278, 292300	26	23	28	20	24
Farthing Lane, Curdworth	418186, 292959	27	22	29	22	25
Kingsbury	420380, 295902	27	23	25	21	26

3.1.9 The concentrations recorded by the diffusion tubes are below the relevant annual mean air quality standard, indicating that baseline air quality conditions in the Curdworth to Middleton area are below the NO2 annual mean air quality standard.

Background pollutant concentrations

- 3.1.10 Estimates of background air quality have been obtained from the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra) for 2012 and future years (2017 and 2026)⁴. These data are estimated for 1km grid squares for nitrogen oxides (NOx), NO2, PM10 and PM2.5. NO2 annual mean concentrations ranged from 16μg/m³ to 26μ/m³ in 2012, PM10 annual mean concentrations ranged from 15μg/m³ to 19μg/m³ in 2012 and PM2.5 concentrations ranged from 10μg/m³ to 13μg/m³ in 2012. All average pollutant concentrations are below the relevant air quality standards.
- 3.1.11 The diffusion tube monitoring data are considered to be sufficient to indicate the baseline air quality of the predominantly rural area and show good agreement with the background air quality maps produced by Defra. Data from these two sources are considered to be appropriate to characterise baseline air quality conditions along the Proposed Scheme in the Curdworth to Middleton area.

Local emission sources

3.1.12 The main source of emissions of NOx and PM10 in the Curdworth to Middleton area is road traffic from the M42 and M6 Toll which run through the Curdworth to Middleton area⁵. There are a number of permitted part A industrial processes⁶. These are a sludge disposal works adjacent to Lichfield Road, Water Orton, part of which is within the land required for the Proposed Scheme; and a landfill operation near Dunton Hall, approximately 100m west of the centre line of the Proposed Scheme. Due to the nature of the emissions from these Part A processes, it is unlikely that these will have an effect on local air quality within the Curdworth to Middleton area. Contributions to local pollutant concentrations made by these industrial installations are included within background concentrations used in the assessment.

⁴ Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs; Background Maps; http://laqm.defra.gov.uk/review-and-assessment/tools/background-maps.html; accessed: July2013.

⁵ North Warwickshire Borough Council (2013), 2013 Air Quality Progress Report for North Warwickshire Borough Council.

⁶ Identified from Environment Agency; What's in your backyard website; http://www.environment-agency.gov.uk/default.aspx; accessed July 2013. A Part A process is an industrial operation requiring a permit to operate from the Environment Agency under the Environmental Permitting regime, and as such is considered a significant source of pollution.

3.2 Receptors

Human

3.2.1 Human receptors which are considered to be susceptible to changes in air quality due to construction or operation of the Proposed Scheme have been identified.

Construction phase

- 3.2.2 Human receptors that could potentially be affected by the construction phase of the Proposed Scheme are shown in Volume 5: Map AQ-02-020-01, Map AQ-02-020-02 and Map AQ-02-020-03, for receptors relevant to the construction dust assessment and Volume 5: Map AQ-01-020 for receptors relevant to the construction traffic emissions assessment. These include:
 - properties around Newlands Farm, Faraday Avenue, Curdworth;
 - Dunton Hall and Elford on A4097 Kingsbury Road, Curdworth;
 - properties around Marston Lane, Curdworth;
 - property along Cuttle Mill Lane, Wishaw;
 - property at Middleton Farm, off A4091 Tamworth Road, Middleton;
 - Primrose Cottage, Bodymoor Heath Lane, Middleton;
 - Pool House Farm, Brick Kiln Lane, off A4091 Tamworth Road, Middleton;
 - properties along Church Lane, Middleton; and
 - Parkgate Farm, A4091 Tamworth Road, Middleton.

Operational phase

- 3.2.3 Human receptors that could potentially be affected by the operation of the Proposed Scheme:
 - properties on A4097 Kingsbury Road, Curdworth;
 - Primrose Cottage, Bodymoor Heath Lane, Middleton;
 - Pool House Farm on Brick Kiln Lane, off the A4091 Tamworth Road, Middleton; and
 - properties along Church Lane, Middleton.

Ecological

Construction phase

One statutory designated ecological receptor has been identified within the Curdworth to Middleton area. This is Middleton Pool Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI), which is located to the east of the A4091 Tamworth Road. There are two local wildlife sites (LWS) within the Curdworth to Middleton area that could potentially be affected by changes in air quality as a result of the Proposed Scheme. These are Dunton Coppice LWS, south of the A4097 Kingsbury Road and North Wood LWS,

south of Middleton House Farm. The SSSI and LWS sites have been identified based on potential sensitivity to dust deposition.

Operational phase

The Middleton Pools SSSI could potentially be affected by the operation of the Proposed Scheme, due to permanent realignment of the A4091 Tamworth Road.

4 Dust impact evaluation and risk rating

- The following table provides details of the assessment of construction impacts following the Institute of Air Quality Management (IAQM) guidance⁷. Where considered useful to identify receptors and their relationship to the construction activity a specific figure is provided.
- 4.1.2 The construction activities considered were demolition; construction of the Kingsbury Road railhead; the construction of new structures; earthworks, including the movement of materials on the haul road along the line of the Proposed Scheme; and dust and mud deposited onto public highways from vehicles travelling to and from construction areas (referred to as trackout in the IAQM guidance).

Table 2: Evaluation and risk rating of construction activities

Activity	Distance to nearest receptor	Dust emission class	Dust risk category	Sensitivity of surrounding area	Magnitude of impact (with	Principal justifications
					CoCP mitigation	
					measures)	
Properties are	ound Newlands Farr	n, Faraday Avenu	Je, Curdwor	th (Map-AQ-02-020-	01, Figure 20.1)	
Demolition	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	No demolition within 350m
Earthworks	Less than 20m	Large	High	High	Slight adverse	Properties 3m from earthworks and over 50m from haul road
				Total area of earthworks greater than 10,000m²		
						More than 10 heavy earth moving vehicles on haul road per day
						Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard
						Duration of earthworks expected to be more than 12 months
Construction	Less than 20m	Large	High	High	Slight adverse	Properties 3m from construction
						Total volume of construction greater than 100,000 m ³
						Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard
						Duration of construction expected to be more than 12 months

⁷IAQM (2012), Guidance on the Assessment of the Impacts of Construction on Air Quality and the Determination of their Significance.

Activity	Distance to nearest receptor	Dust emission class	Dust risk category	Sensitivity of surrounding area	Magnitude of impact (with CoCP mitigation measures)	Principal justifications
Trackout	20m-50m	Medium	Medium	Low	Negligible	Properties more than 20m from trackout route 25-100 HDV trips per day Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of trackout expected to be more than 12 months
-	A4097 Kingsbury Ro	oad, Curdworth(I		020-01 Figure 20.2)	T	
Demolition	20m-100m	Large	High	Low	Negligible	Property more than 20m from demolition Total volume of demolition greater than 50,000m ³ Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of demolition expected to be more than 12 months
Earthworks	50m-100m	Large	Medium	Low	Negligible	Property more than 20m from earthworks and over 100m from haul road Total area of earthworks greater than 10,000m ² More than 10 heavy earth moving vehicles on haul road per day Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of earthworks expected to be more than 12 months
Construction	100m-200m	Large	Medium	Low	Negligible	Property more than 20m from construction Total volume of construction greater than 100,000m³ Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of construction expected to be more than 12 months
Trackout	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	No trackout route within 100m.

Activity	Distance to nearest receptor	Dust emission class	Dust risk category	Sensitivity of surrounding area	Magnitude of impact (with CoCP mitigation measures)	Principal justifications
	Kingsbury Road, Cu				N. P. d. I	
Demolition	20m-100m	Large	High	Low	Negligible	Property more than 20m from demolition
						Total volume of demolition greater than 50,000m ³
						Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard
						Duration of demolition expected to be more than 12 months
Earthworks 50m-100m	50m-100m	Large	Medium	Low	Negligible	Property more than 20m from earthworks and over 100m from haul road, Over 50m from Kingsbury Road railhead
						Total area of earthworks greater than 10,000m²
						More than 10 heavy earth moving vehicles on haul road per day
						Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard
						Duration of earthworks expected to be more than 12 months
Construction	100m-200m	Large	Medium	Low	Negligible	Property more than 100m from construction. Over 50m from Kingsbury Road railhead
						Total volume of construction greater than 100,000m ³
						Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard
						Duration of construction expected to be more than 12months
Trackout	20m-50m	Large	Medium	Low	Negligible	Property more than 20m from trackout route
						Over 100 HDV trips per day
						Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard
						Duration of trackout expected to be more than 12 months
Properties arc	ound Marston Lane,	Curdworth (Map	-AQ-02-020	o1 Figure 20.4 and N	/lap-AQ-020-02 Figure 2	20.5)
Demolition	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	No demolition within 350m

Activity	Distance to nearest receptor	Dust emission class	Dust risk category	Sensitivity of surrounding area	Magnitude of impact (with CoCP mitigation measures)	Principal justifications
Earthworks	Less than 20m	Large	High	High	Slight adverse	Properties more than 50m from earthworks, but within 20m of haul road Total area of earthworks greater than 10,000m² More than 10 heavy earth moving vehicles on haul road per day Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of earthworks expected to be more than 12 months
Construction	20m-50m	Large	High	Low	Negligible	Properties over 20m from construction Total volume of construction greater than100,000m³ Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of construction expected to be more than 12 months
Trackout	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	No trackout route within 100m
Property alon Demolition	ng Cuttle Mill Lane, \ n/a	Nishaw(Map-AQ - n/a	02-020-02 F n/a	i gure 20.6) n/a	n/a	No demolition within 350m
Earthworks	50m-100m	Large	Medium	Low	Negligible	Property more than 20m from earthworks and haul road Total site area of earthworks greater than 10,000m² More than 10 heavy earth moving vehicles on haul road per day Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of earthworks expected to be more than 12 months
Construction	100m-200m	Large	Medium	Low	Negligible	Property more than 20m from construction Total volume of construction greater than 100,000m ³ Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of construction expected to be more than12 months

Appendix AQ-001-020 \mid Dust impact evaluation and risk rating

Activity	Distance to nearest receptor	Dust emission class	Dust risk category	Sensitivity of surrounding area	Magnitude of impact (with CoCP mitigation measures)	Principal justifications
Trackout	Less than 20m	Medium	Medium	High	Negligible	Property 15m from trackout route 25-100 HDV trips per day Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of trackout expected to be more than 12 months
Property at M Demolition	iddleton Farm, off A	A4091 Tamworth Large	Road, Midd High	Low	20-02 Figure 20.7) Negligible	Property more than 20m from demolition Total volume of demolition greater than 50,000m³ Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of demolition expected more than 12 months
Earthworks	50m-100m	Large	Medium	Low	Negligible	Property more than 20m from earthworks Total area of earthworks greater than 10,000m² More than 10 heavy earth moving vehicles on haul road per day Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of earthworks expected to be more than 12 months
Construction	50m-100m	Large	Medium	Low	Negligible	Property more than 20m from construction and over 100m from haul road Total volume of construction greater than 100,000m ³ Baseline PM10 concentrations less than75% of air quality standard Duration of construction expected to be more than12months

Activity	Distance to nearest receptor	Dust emission class	Dust risk category	Sensitivity of surrounding area	Magnitude of impact (with CoCP mitigation measures)	Principal justifications
Trackout	20m-50m	Large	Medium	Low	Negligible	Property over 20m from trackout route Over 100 HDV trips per day Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of trackout expected to be more than 12 months
Primrose Cott Demolition	t age, Bodymoor He a n/a	ath Lane, Middlet n/a		1-02-020-02 Figure 20 n/a	o.8) n/a	No demolition within 350m
ספוווטוונוטוו	II/a	II/d	n/a	II/a	·	-
Earthworks	20m-50m	Large	High	Low	Negligible	Property more than 20m from earthworks and over 100m from haul road Total site area of earthworks greater than 10,000m ² More than 10 heavy earth moving vehicles on haul road per day Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of earthworks expected to be more than 12 months
Construction	20m-50m	Large	High	Low	Negligible	Property over 20m from construction Total volume of construction greater than 100,000m ³ Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of construction expected to be more than 12 months
Trackout	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	No trackout route within 100m
Pool House Fa	arm, Brink Kiln Lane	e, off A4091 Tamv	vorth Road,	Middleton(Map-AQ n/a	- 02-020-03 Figure 20. 9	No demolition within 350m

Activity	Distance to nearest receptor	Dust emission class	Dust risk category	Sensitivity of surrounding area	Magnitude of impact (with CoCP mitigation measures)	Principal justifications
Earthworks	100m-200m	Large	Medium	Low	Negligible	Property more than 20m from earthworks and over 100m from haul road Total site area of earthworks greater than 10,000m ² More than 10 heavy earth moving vehicles on haul road per day Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of earthworks expected to be more than 12 months
Construction	100m-200m	Large	Medium	Low	Negligible	Property more than 20m from construction Total volume of construction greater than 100,000m ³ Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of construction expected to be more than 12 months
Trackout	20m-50m	Large	Medium	Low	Negligible	Property over 20m from trackout route Over 100 HDV trips per day Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of trackout expected to be more than 12 months
	ong Church Lane, Mi				T	
Demolition	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	No demolition within 350m
Earthworks	20m-50m	Large	High	Low	Negligible	Properties more than 20m from earthworks and over 100m from haul road Total site area of earthworks greater than 10,000m² More than 10 heavy earth moving vehicles on haul road per day Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of earthworks expected more than 12 months

Activity	Distance to nearest receptor	Dust emission class	Dust risk category	Sensitivity of surrounding area	Magnitude of impact (with CoCP mitigation measures)	Principal justifications
Construction	20m-50m	Large	High	Low	Negligible	Properties more than 20m from construction Total volume of construction greater than 100,000m ³ Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of construction expected to be more than 12 months
Trackout	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	No trackout route within 100m
Parkgate Farr	n, A4091 Tamworth	Road, Middletor	n(Map-AQ-o	2-020-03 Figure 20.1	1)	
Demolition	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	No demolition within 350m
Earthworks	100m-200m	Large	Medium	Low	Negligible	Property more than 20m from earthworks and over 350m from haul road Total site area of earthworks greater than 10,000m ² Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of earthworks expected to be more than 12 months
Construction	100m-200m	Large	Medium	Low	Negligible	Property more than 20m from construction Total volume of construction greater than 100,000m ³ Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of construction expected to be more than 12 months
Trackout	Less than 20m	Medium	Medium	High	Negligible	Property 15m from trackout route 25-100 HDV trips per day Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of trackout expected to be more than 12 months
Middleton Po	ol SSSI	1	,	•	<u>'</u>	•
Demolition	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	No demolition within 350m

Appendix AQ-001-020 \mid Dust impact evaluation and risk rating

Activity	Distance to nearest receptor	Dust emission class	Dust risk category	Sensitivity of surrounding area	Magnitude of impact (with CoCP mitigation measures)	Principal justifications
Earthworks	20m-40m	Large	Medium	High	Negligible	Nationally important ecological site Ecological receptor more than 20m from earthworks and over 200m from haul road Total site area of earthworks greater than 10,000m ² Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of earthworks expected more than 12 months
Construction	20m-40m	Large	Medium	High	Negligible	Nationally important ecological site Ecological receptor 10m from construction Total volume of construction greater than 100,000m ³ Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of construction expected to be more than 12 months
Trackout	Less than 20m	Large	Medium	High	Negligible	Nationally important ecological site Ecological receptor 10m from trackout route Over 100 HDV trips per day Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of trackout expected to be more than 12 months
Dunton Copp	ice LWS	l	1	1	L	1
Demolition	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	No demolition within 350m

Activity	Distance to nearest receptor	Dust emission class	Dust risk category	Sensitivity of surrounding area	Magnitude of impact (with CoCP mitigation measures)	Principal justifications
Earthworks	40m-100m	Large	Low	Low	Negligible	Locally important ecological site Ecological receptor more than 20m from earthworks and haul road Total site area of earthworks greater than 10,000m² More than 10 heavy earth moving vehicles on haul road per day Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of earthworks expected more than 12 months
Construction	40m-100m	Large	Low	Low	Negligible	Locally important ecological site Ecological receptor more than 20m from construction Total volume of construction greater than 100,000m³ Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of construction expected more than 12 months
Trackout	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	No trackout route within 100m
North Wood	LWS					
Demolition	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	No demolition within 350m
Earthworks	Less than 20m	Large	Medium	Medium	Negligible	Locally important ecological site Ecological receptor less than 20m from earthworks and haul road Total site area of earthworks greater than 10,000m² More than 10 heavy earth moving vehicles on haul road per day Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of earthworks expected more than 12 months

Appendix AQ-001-020 | Dust impact evaluation and risk rating

Activity	Distance to nearest receptor	Dust emission class	Dust risk category	Sensitivity of surrounding area	Magnitude of impact (with CoCP mitigation measures)	Principal justifications
Construction	Less than 20m	Large	Medium	Medium	Negligible	Locally important ecological site Ecological receptor less than 20m from construction Total volume of construction greater than 100,000m ³ Baseline PM10 concentrations less than 75% of air quality standard Duration of construction expected more than 12 months
Trackout	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	No trackout route within 100m

Table 3: Summary of construction dust impacts and effects

Location	Magnitude of impact (with CoCP mitigation measures)	Effect of dust- generating activities	Additional mitigation
Properties around, Newlands Farm, Faraday Avenue, Curdworth	Slight adverse	Not significant	None required
Dunton Hall, A4097 Kingsbury Road, Curdworth	Negligible	Not significant	None required
Elford, A4097 Kingsbury Road, Curdworth	Negligible	Not significant	None required
Properties along Marston Lane, Curdworth	Slight adverse	Not significant	None required
Property on Cuttle Mill Lane, Wishaw	Negligible	Not significant	None required
Property at Middleton Farm, A4091 Tamworth Road, Middleton	Negligible	Not significant	None required
Primrose Cottage, Bodymoor Heath Lane, Middleton	Negligible	Not significant	None required
Pool House Farm, Brick Kiln Lane, off A4091 Tamworth Road, Middleton	Negligible	Not significant	None required
Properties along Church Lane, Middleton	Negligible	Not significant	None required
Parkgate Farm, A4091 Tamworth Road, Middleton	Negligible	Not significant	None required
Middleton Pool SSSI	Negligible	Not significant	None required
Dunton Coppice LWS	Negligible	Not significant	None required
North Wood LWS	Negligible	Not significant	None required

5 Air quality assessment road traffic

5.1 Overall assessment approach

- The air quality assessment for road related emissions has used three different approaches based on the scale of changes in traffic and road alignment. Where the Design Manual for Roads and Bridges⁸ (DMRB) thresholds detailed in the SMR (Volume 5: Appendix CT-001-000/1) will not be exceeded, any additional assessment is not required as the air quality impacts will be minimal. If these thresholds are breached, then an assessment has been carried out.
- If it is considered unlikely that air quality standards will be exceeded and the road configuration is a simple one, then the DMRB screening method has been used to predict changes in air quality. Where there will be a risk of standards being exceeded, where the road layout is considered to be complex or where the use of the DMRB screening method has indicated that there will be a potential exceedance of air quality standards, then the atmospheric dispersion model ADMS-Roads has been used for the assessment. Professional judgment has been used to select the appropriate tool for each area.
- In this study area the DMRB screening method was considered to be a suitable tool for the assessment, as baseline air quality will be below air quality standards, there is a simple road layout and there are limited numbers of receptors close to roads affected during construction and operation of the Proposed Scheme.
- An assessment of nitrogen deposition and NOx concentrations was also undertaken at the Middleton Pool SSSI for the operational phase of the Proposed Scheme. Information on the critical load and average nitrogen deposition for the main habitats within the SSSI were taken from the Air Pollution Information System website⁹. Future deposition rates for the SSSI were calculated assuming a 2% reduction per year as in accordance with the DMRB methodology⁸. The predicted changes were then compared to the 1% value of the relevant air standard in accordance with the DMRB methodology⁸.

5.2 Construction traffic model

- Construction traffic data used in this assessment are detailed in Volume 5: Appendix TR-001-000. The construction scenario used traffic data from the year of maximum intensity of construction (2021) but assumed this would occur in the first year of construction (2017).
- 5.2.2 Screening using the DMRB traffic and road alignment change criteria was undertaken to determine locations requiring assessment. Three locations within the Curdworth to Middleton area met the criteria for assessment of a change in traffic emissions during the construction phase. The locations are Faraday Avenue, Curdworth; A446 Lichfield Road between B4418 Marsh Lane and A4091 Tamworth Road; and A4091 Tamworth Road between A446 Lichfield Road and Cuttle Mill Lane. There will be a temporary

⁸ Highways Agency (2007), *The Design Manual for Roads and Bridges* (Volume 11, Section 3, Part 1 Air Quality HA207/07).

⁹ Air Pollution Information System; Site relevant critical loads and source attribution; http://www.apis.ac.uk/srcl; Accessed August 2013.

realignment of Faraday Avenue which required assessment of changes in concentrations at receptors around this road. On the A446 Lichfield Road and A4091 Tamworth Road the increase in construction traffic was sufficient to require assessment of changes in concentrations at receptors around these roads. No locations were identified as requiring assessment due to construction traffic movements on the haul road.

Receptors assessed

For locations where DMRB traffic and road alignment change criteria for local air quality were met, a number of receptors representative of worst-case exposure locations were selected for quantitative assessment. These included locations representative of highest concentrations along the roads, including closest to junctions or to the road itself. Receptors assessed are listed in Table 4 and shown in Volume 5: Map AQ-01-020.

Table 4: Modelled receptors (construction phase)

Receptor	Description/Location	Ordnance Survey coordinates
20-1	Orchard Bungalow, Newlands Lane, Curdworth	419176, 292313

Background concentrations

5.2.4 The background concentrations used in the assessment are shown in Table 5 taken from the Defra Maps.

Table 5: Background 2017 concentrations at assessed receptors

Receptor (or zone of receptors)	Concentrations (μg/m³)			
	NOx	NO ₂	PM10	
20-1 (Orchard Bungalow)	30.8	20.5	16.1	

DMRB model results

This section provides the summary of the modelled pollutant concentrations for the assessed receptors. The magnitude of change and impact descriptor are also derived following the Environmental Protection UK (EPUK) methodology¹⁰.

Table 6: Summary of DMRB annual mean NO2 results (construction phase)

Receptor	Concentra	ations (μg/m³)		Change in	Magnitude	Impact	
	2012	2 2017 without 2017 with		concentrations	of change	descriptor	
	baseline	Proposed	Proposed	(μg/m³)			
		Scheme	Scheme				
20-1 (Orchard Bungalow)	29.8	25.1	25.2	0.1	Imperceptible	Negligible	

¹⁰ Environmental Protection UK (EPUK) (2010), Development Control: Planning for Air Quality.

Table 7: Summary of DMRB annual mean PM10 results (construction phase)

Receptor	Concentra	ations (μg/m³)		Change in	Magnitude	Impact	
	2012 2017 without		2017 with	concentrations	of change	descriptor	
	baseline	Proposed	Proposed	(μg/m³)			
		Scheme	Scheme				
20-1 (Orchard Bungalow)	17.8	16.7	16.7	0.0	Imperceptible	Negligible	

- 5.2.6 Annual mean NO2 and PM10 concentrations will be below the air quality standards both with and without the Proposed Scheme for the construction phase. The hourly mean NO2 air quality standard will also be met as annual mean NO2 concentrations will be well below 60μg/m³. In addition the daily mean PM10 air quality standard will also be met. It is not possible to model PM2.5 using the DMRB screening model, but given the PM10 concentrations, the annual mean PM2.5 concentrations will be below the air quality standard.
- 5.2.7 Changes in modelled concentrations with and without the Proposed Scheme have been calculated to determine the impact to local air quality. The change in NO2 and PM10 concentrations is imperceptible. The magnitude of impact will be negligible at the receptor for NO2 and PM10.
- In certain instances additional qualitative assessment has been undertaken. This was the case for the A446 Lichfield Road between B4418 Marsh Lane and A4091 Tamworth Road and A4091 between A446 Lichfield Road and Cuttle Mill Lane, which were identified as meeting the criteria for assessment due to an increase in construction traffic. The qualitative assessment concluded that the magnitude of impact for NO2 is expected to be slight adverse at receptors along the A446 Lichfield Road and negligible at receptors along the A4091. For PM10 the magnitude of impact is expected to be negligible at receptors along these roads. The expected magnitude of impact has been determined on the basis of the magnitude of construction traffic increases, the baseline air quality is below air quality standards, the distance to the receptors from the roads and the existing traffic flows on the construction traffic routes.

Assessment of significance

- 5.2.9 Considering the significance of the air quality impacts according to the criteria set in the EPUK methodology¹⁰, the following points are noted:
 - the magnitude of impact is negligible to slight adverse for NO2 and negligible for PM10 at receptors; and
 - pollutant concentrations are well below the air quality standards for both NO2 and PM10 with and without the Proposed Scheme.
- 5.2.10 Based on the above, the effect on air quality due to construction traffic emission will not be significant

5.3 Operational traffic model

5.3.1 Operational traffic data used in this assessment are detailed in Volume 5: Appendix TR-001-000. The operational scenario used traffic data from the first year of opening of the Proposed Scheme (2026).

5.3.2 Screening using the DMRB traffic and road alignment change criteria was undertaken to determine locations requiring assessment. Four locations within the Curdworth to Middleton area met the criteria for an assessment of emissions from traffic during the operational stage, following completion of the Proposed Scheme. These locations are the A4097 Kingsbury Road, Curdworth; Bodymoor Heath Lane, Middleton; Church Lane, Middleton; and the A4091 Tamworth Road. At all these locations there will be permanent road realignments which required assessment of changes in concentrations at receptors around these roads.

Receptors assessed

5.3.3 For locations where DMRB traffic and road alignment change criteria for local air quality were met, a number of receptors representative of worst-case exposure locations were selected for quantitative assessment. These included locations representative of highest concentrations along the roads, including closest to junctions or to the road itself. Receptors assessed are listed in Table 8 and shown in Volume 5: Map AQ-01-020.

Table 8: Modelled receptors (operational phase)

Receptor	Description/Location	Ordnance Survey coordinates
20-2	Dunton Hall, Kingsbury Road, Curdworth	419022, 293455
20-3	Elford, Kingsbury Road, Curdworth,	419405, 294023
20-4	Primrose Cottage, Bodymoor Heath Lane, Middleton	419216, 296616
20-5	Pool House Farm, Brick Kiln Lane, Middleton (adjacent to Bodymoor Heath Road realignment)	418754, 296863
20-6	The Spinney, Church Lane, Middleton,	418161, 298220
20-7	Middleton Pool SSSI site boundary(adjacent to A4091Tamworth Road realignment)	418747,298019

Background concentrations

5.3.4 The background concentrations used in the assessment are shown in Table 9 taken from the Defra maps.

Table 9: Background 2026 concentrations at assessed receptors

Receptor (or zone of receptors)	Concentrations (µg/m³)			
	NOx	NO ₂	PM10	
20-2 (Dunton Hall)	22.5	15.6	15.6	
20-3 (Elford)	21.7	15.2	16.8	
20-4 (Primrose Cottage)	15.8	11.5	14.3	
20-5 (Pool House Farm)	15.9	11.5	14.1	
20-6 (The Spinney)	14.2	10.4	14.1	
20-7 (Middleton Pools SSSI)	14.2	10.4	14.1	

DMRB model results

5.3.5 This section provides the summary of the modelled pollutant concentrations for the assessed receptors. The magnitude of change and impact descriptor are also derived following the EPUK methodology¹⁰.

Table 10: Summary of DMRB annual mean NO2 results (operational phase)

Receptor	Concentrations (2026 without Proposed Scheme	2026 with Proposed Scheme	Change in concentrations (μg/m³)	Magnitude of change	Impact descriptor
20-2 (Dunton Hall)	16.0	16.0	0.0	Imperceptible	Negligible
20-3 (Elford)	19.7	19.7	0.0	Imperceptible	Negligible
20-4 (Primrose Cottage)	12.0	12.0	0.0	Imperceptible	Negligible
20-5 (Pool House Farm)	13.6	13.6	0.0	Imperceptible	Negligible
20-6 (The Spinney)	10.7	10.8	0.1	Imperceptible	Negligible

Table 11: Summary of DMRB annual mean PM10 results (operational phase)

Receptor	Concentrations (μg/m³)	Change in	Magnitude	Impact
	2026 without	2026 with	concentrations	of change	descriptor
	Proposed	Proposed	(μg/m³)		
	Scheme	Scheme			
20-2 (Dunton Hall)	15.6	15.6	0.0	Imperceptible	Negligible
20-3 (Elford)	17.4	17.4	0.0	Imperceptible	Negligible
20-4 (Primrose Cottage)	14.4	14.4	0.0	Imperceptible	Negligible
20-5 (Pool House Farm)	14.5	14.5	0.0	Imperceptible	Negligible
20-6 (The Spinney)	14.2	14.2	0.0	Imperceptible	Negligible

Table 12: Results of ecological assessment (operational phase)

Receptor	Nitrogen deposition rate (kg N/ha/year)				NOx concentrations (μg/m³)					
	Critical	1% of lower	2026 without	2026 with	Change	Air quality	1% of air	2026 without	2026 with	Change
	load	critical load	Proposed Scheme	Proposed Scheme		standard	quality standard	Proposed Scheme	Proposed Scheme	
Middleton Pools SSSI	10-20	0.10	26.6	26.3	-0.3	30.0	0.3	25.4	18.0	-7.4

- 5.3.6 Annual mean NO2 and PM10 concentrations will be below the air quality standards both with and without the Proposed Scheme for the operation phase. The hourly mean NO2 air quality standard will also be met as annual mean NO2 concentrations will be well below 60µg/m³. In addition the daily mean PM10 air quality standard will also be met. It is not possible to model PM2.5 using the DMRB screening model, but given the PM10 concentrations, the annual mean PM2.5 concentrations will be below the air quality standard.
- 5.3.7 Changes in modelled concentrations with and without the Proposed Scheme have been calculated to determine the impact to local air quality. The change in NO2 and PM10 concentrations is imperceptible at receptors.
- 5.3.8 From the ecological receptor an assessment of changes in nitrogen deposition and NOx concentrations was undertaken. The main habitat in the part if the site affected by the Proposed Scheme is broadleaf, mixed and yew woodland (sub category broadleaved deciduous woodland), with a critical load of 10-20kg N/ha/year and an average deposition of 38.5kg N/ha/year for the 2009-2011 period. It can be observed that existing nitrogen deposition rates currently exceed the critical load without the Proposed Scheme in the operational phase.
- The predicted change in nitrogen deposition with and without the Proposed Scheme in 2026 will be more than 1% of the critical load however with the Proposed Scheme there will be a decrease in the nitrogen deposition rate. Concentrations of NOx will be below the air quality standard with and without the Proposed Scheme and there will be a decrease in concentrations with the Proposed Scheme.

Assessment of significance

- 5.3.10 Considering the significance of the air quality impacts according to the criteria set in the EPUK methodology¹⁰, the following points are noted:
 - the magnitude of impact is negligible for NO2 and PM10 at all receptors; and
 - pollutant concentrations are well below the air quality standards for both NO2 and PM10 with and without the Proposed Scheme.
- 5.3.11 Based on the above, the effect on air quality due to operational traffic emissions will not be significant at residential properties.
- 5.3.12 For the SSSI site there will be a reduction in nitrogen deposition and NOx concentrations, however this is not considered significant as the Proposed Scheme will not reduce nitrogen deposition below the critical load.

6 Air quality assessment construction phase rail emissions

- The Kingsbury Road railhead will be constructed and will be in use for the duration of the construction period. Screening was undertaken to determine the effect on air quality due to the use of diesel trains at the railhead. Screening is based on the baseline air quality and distance of receptors from diesel trains. It is not required for the number of train movements to be considered for the screening. Baseline concentrations of annual mean NO2 are 27µg/m³, based on local monitoring data, which is above 25µg/m³, but there are no human or ecological receptors within 30m of diesel trains used within the railhead. On this basis, the magnitude of impact will be negligible.
- The effects on air quality anticipated to arise due to the Kingsbury Road railhead while in use during construction of the Proposed Scheme will not be significant.

7 References

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